

11

Submitter Information

Submitter:

Hitachi Medical Systems America, Inc.

1959 Summit Commerce Park Twinsburg, Ohio 44080-2371

ph: (330) 425-1313 fax: (330) 963-0749

Contact:

Douglas J. Thistlethwaite

Date:

January 3, 2008

Device Name

Classification Name:

Coil, magnetic resonance, specialty

Classification Number:

90MOS

Trade/Proprietary Name:

OASIS Breast Coil

Predicate Device(s):

Biopsy Breast Coil, Model BBC

Classification Name:

Coil, magnetic resonance, specialty

Classification Number:

90MOS

Trade/Proprietary Name:

OASIS NV Coil

Predicate Device(s):

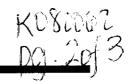
NVA-63-8 Neurovascular Array Coil

Device intended Use

The MR system is an imaging device and is intended to provide the physician with physiological and clinical information, obtained non-invasively and without the use of ionizing radiation. The OASIS Specialty Coils are receive-only devices that detects the MR signal used to produce transverse, coronal, sagittal, oblique, and/or curved cross-sectional images that display the internal structure of the body. The images produced by the MR system reflect the spatial distribution of protons (hydrogen nuclei) exhibiting magnetic resonance. When interpreted by a trained physician, these images provide information that can be useful in diagnosis determination.

The indications for use for the OASIS Specialty Coils are as follows:

- The MR-IBC-120, OASIS RAPID Breast Coil is a recieve-only multiple array device used for MRI imaging of the breast.
- The MR-NVC-120, OASIS NV Coil is a recieve-only multiple array device used for MRI imaging of the head and neck.



Device Description

Function

The MR-IBC-120, OASIS RAPID Breast Coil is a recieve-only multiple array device used for obtaining diagnostic images of the breast with the OASIS MRI System.

The MR-NVC-120, OASIS NV Coil is a recieve-only multiple array device used for obtaining diagnostic images of the head and neck with the OASIS MRI System.

Scientific Concepts

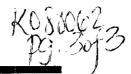
Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) is based on the fact that certain atomic nuclei have electromagnetic properties that cause them to act as small spinning bar magnets. The most ubiquitous of these nuclei is hydrogen, which makes it the primary nuclei currently used in magnetic resonance imaging. When placed in a static magnetic field, these nuclei assume a net orientation or alignment with the magnetic field, referred to as a net magnetization vector. The introduction of a short burst of radiofrequency (RF) excitation of a wavelength specific to the magnetic field strength and to the atomic nuclei under consideration can cause a re-orientation of the net magnetization vector. When the RF excitation is removed, the protons relax and return to their original vector. The rate of relaxation is exponential and varies with the character of the proton and its adjacent molecular environment. This re-orientation process is characterized by two exponential relaxation times, called T1 and T2.

A RF emission or echo that can be measured accompanies these relaxation events. The emissions are used to develop a representation of the relaxation events in a three dimensional matrix. Spatial localization is encoded into the echoes by varying the RF excitation, applying appropriate magnetic field gradients in the x, y, and z directions, and changing the direction and strength of these gradients. Images depicting the spatial distribution of the NMR characteristics can be reconstructed by using image processing techniques similar to those used in computed tomography.

Physical and Performance Characteristics

The MR-IBC-120, OASIS RAPID Breast Coil is a recieve-only device suitable for imaging the breast. The coil consists of 8 elements. The signal output of each element is independently processed by the MRI system to enhance performance.

The MR-NVC-120, OASIS NV Coil recieve-only suitable for imaging human foot region, muscle, born structure, cartilage, etc. The coil consists of 8 elements. The signal output of each element is independently processed by the MRI system to enhance performance.



Device Technological Characteristics

The technological characteristics of the OASIS RAPID Breast Coil and OASIS RAPID NV Coil are similar to the predicate devices as listed in Section 10 – Substantial Equivalence Discussion.

Conclusions

It is the opinion of Hitachi Medical Systems America, Inc. that the OASIS RAPID Breast Coil and OASIS RAPID NV Coil are substantially equivalent to the listed predicate devices.



Food and Drug Administration 9200 Corporate Boulevard Rockville MD 20850

FEB 11 2008

Mr. Doug Thistlethwaite Manager, Regulatory Affairs Hitachi Medical Systems America, Inc. 1959 Summit Commerce Park TWINSBURG OH 44087

Re: K080062

Trade/Device Name: OASIS RAPID NV Coil and OASIS RAPID Breast Coil

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 892.1000

Regulation Name: Magnetic resonance diagnostic device

Regulatory Class: II Product Code: MOS Dated: January 3, 2008 Received: January 9, 2008

Dear Mr. Thistlethwaite:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to such additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the <u>Code of Federal Regulations</u>, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820); and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

This letter will allow you to begin marketing your device as described in your Section 510(k) premarket notification. The FDA finding of substantial equivalence of your device to a legally marketed predicate device results in a classification for your device and thus, permits your device to proceed to the market.

If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801), please contact the Center for Devices and Radiological Health's (CDRH's) Office of Compliance at one of the following numbers, based on the regulation number at the top of this letter.

21 CFR 876.xxxx 21 CFR 884.xxxx	(Gastroenterology/Renal/Urology) (Obstetrics/Gynecology)	240-276-0115 240-276-0115
21 CFR 892.xxxx	(Radiology)	240-276-0120
Other		240-276-0100

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding postmarket surveillance, please contact CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometric's (OSB's) Division of Postmarket Surveillance at 240-276-3474. For questions regarding the reporting of device adverse events (Medical Device Reporting (MDR)), please contact the Division of Surveillance Systems at 240-276-3464. You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (240) 276-3150 or at its Internet address http://www.fda.gov/cdrh/industry/support/index.html.

Sincerely yours,

Mancy C Brogdon
Nancy C. Brogdon

Director, Division of Reproductive, Abdominal, and Radiological Devices

Office of Device Evaluation

Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

510(k) Number (if known):	K080062			
•	OASIS RAPID Breast Coil	_		
Indications for Use:				
The MR-IBC-120, OASIS RAPID Breast Coil is a recieve-only multiple array device used for MRI imaging of the breast.				
Prescription Use X	AND/OR	Over-the-Counter Use		
(Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)		(21 CFR 801 Subpart C)		
(PLEASE DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE - CONTINUE ON ANOTHER PAGE IF NEEDED)				
Concurrence of CDRH, Office of Device Evaluation (ODE)				

(Division Sign-Off)

Division of Reproductive, Abdominal and

Radiological Devices

510(k) Number

510(k) Number (if known):	K080062		
Device Name:	OASIS RAPID NV Coil		
Indications for Use:			
The MR-NVC-120, OASIS for MRI imaging of the hea		ieve-only multiple array device used	
Prescription Use X	AND/OR	Over-the-Counter Use	
(Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)		(21 CFR 801 Subpart C)	
(PLEASE DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE - CONTINUE ON ANOTHER PAGE IF NEEDED)			
Concurr	ence of CDRH, Office of Dev	rice Evaluation (ODE)	

(Division Sign-Off)

Division of Reproductive, Abdominal and

Radiological Devices

510(k) Number _